Campbell Interurban Press

VOLUME 21, No. 30 — CAMPBELL, SANTA CLARA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA — FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1916

Baking Powder: Our well known Farmers Union Brand: known for its freshness and purity. Owing to the big advance in the price of Cream Tartar we are forced to advance the price slightly; 35c per pound: 3 lbs for $1.00.

Cheese: Try some Martin's Eastern very fine. 25c. per pound.

Corn—Paris brand Maine Corn the best there is, 15c, 2 for 25c.

Peas—Del Monte, sweet and tender put up in sanitary cans, 15c.

Tomatoes—The Berryessa Brand is a very good substitute for fresh ones, 10c. per can.

FARMERS UNION BRANCH

Purity Record

In a number of tests made by the Holmes Farm near Overland Park, Kansas, the average bacterial count of milk drawn by hand was 16,200 per cubic centimeter, while that milked with a Hinman Milker showed an average count of only 5,500 per cubic centimeter.

From the udder to the pail, no dust, no hair no flies.

Get milk that is drawn in the modern sanitary way, from

ORANGE GROVE FARM

F. O. & K. U. BOHNETT, Lessees

"Quality Products" Phone Campbell 22F4

YOU CARRY
THE ONLY KEY

A safe deposit box in our Fire Proof and Burglar Proof Vault may be rented by the year for a nominal sum. Absolute protection for your valuable papers and jewels. Ask us.

The Bank of Campbell
CAMPBELL, CAL.

Now the New Year is here, Resolve to Buy all your Needs in Campbell. If they are not as represented, your home merchant will gladly correct any error.

BEALL

CAMPBELL GARAGE

E. W. PRESTON, Prop.

Sub-Agent
Harley-Davidson Motorcycles & Smith Motor Wheels

Automobile, Motorcycle and Bicycle Sundries & Repairing
All Work Guaranteed

Fine Grade of
Automobile Oils, Greases and Gasoline

91 W. Campbell Ave. Phone: Campbell 21 J

Campbell, California

"THE ORCHARD CITY"

When we came to Campbell a few years ago, we rode and walked about for many miles around and continually thot, "Orchards to the right of us; Orchards to the left of us; Orchards in front of us, cultivated and irrigated." A friend from the plains of Illinois remarked "By jolly, its all woods, I can't see out." For in truth there are orchards on all sides for miles and miles. Prunes predominate—interspersed with orchards of Apricots, Almonds, Peaches, Pears, Apples, Cherries, Olives and Walnuts. Vineyards also abound in many parts. While the homes are invariably surrounded by Orange, Lemon, Grape fruit, Loquat, Japanese persimmons and a great variety of ornamental trees and shrubs, including the magnolia grandiflora, palm trees and roses and other flowers by the million. In March and April all nature is in bloom and the valley smiles, till there are miles and miles of smiles, and their sweet perfume is wafted by the gentle breezes that come down from San Francisco bay, into our homes, our highways and by-ways, until every nook and corner of our pleasant valley is filled with their fragrance.

Then the harvest season comes—first the cherries and such beauties—black, red and white—packed in rows by nimble fingers in neat pine boxes holding ten pounds and often sold on the fruit stands of New York and other eastern cities at fabulous prices.

Ripe apricots follow the cherries closely, gathered in boxes holding forty pounds. Many are sold directly to the canneries; others are cut in halves, by women and children, placed on trays and set out in the sun to dry. In a few days of our bright sunshine they are ready to be taken to the fruit house where they are kept in great piles until sold to the packers.

Peaches follow closely in ripening and are treated much the same as apricots.

Then comes the prune season, when every one gets busy. Curiously enough prunes are picked from the ground and not from the tree, for when they are ripe they fall off, and are so full of sugar they will lie under the tree and dry to a sugary prune, but they, too, are placed on trays and put out in the open sunshine where they cure much faster. Other fruits follow in their turn, the season closing with the late apples and grapes.

The public schools of Campbell are excellent in all departments, being of a progressive nature. Manual and vocational training are being pushed forward as fast as circumstances will permit. The students of the high school have just finished the erection of a new manual training building under the efficient guidance of their instructor, the students doing all the work, thus getting the most practical kind of experience. They also prepared all the drawings and estimates for material.

A State normal school and colleges are in easy reach at San Jose, College Park, Stanford and Berkeley.

Campbell is a temperance town. There are no saloons and never have been.

The people are just home people and neighbors, coming almost entirely from the east and central west, but many of them having resided here for 20 years and more. We have two good strong churches, Methodist and Congregational, also Christian Science meetings weekly. The Masons, Odd Fellows, Rebekahs, Grange, Yeomen, Fraternal Aid and Farmers Union all have strong organizations here and hold regular meetings.

The town is well supplied with the purest of cold water from a pumping plant of deep wells. In the winter and spring, irrigation water is taken from the streams that come down from the Santa Cruz mountains, a few miles to the south of town.

Summer irrigation water is taken from wells put down for the purpose by the orchardists, many of whom have pumping plants of their own, and more are constantly being put in, as an abundant supply of water is found at accessible depths.

The Southern Pacific railway passes through Campbell, six miles from San Jose, enters the Santa Cruz range 5miles south at Los Gatos, where it threads its way up Los Gatos canyon, and plunging thru several tunnels, arrives at Santa Cruz, a seaside resort on the Pacific coast, thirty miles south of here. These evergreen mountains afford the grandest camping and picnicing grounds along their numerous clear cold water streams where the people of the valley are wont to spend many a delightful summer day.

The Interurban Electric belt line makes a circuit of San Jose, Campbell, Los Gatos, Saratoga and Congress Springs—another popular picnicing ground—and gives easy and frequent communication with near by towns. These lines and good roads make ease of travel and excursions all that can be desired.

To the east lies the Mount Hamilton range, with its Lick observatory visible from all parts of the valley. A trip to the top of Mt. Hamilton and the observatory is one of the enjoyable excursions to be had. In winter these mountains are frequently covered with snow.

The Santa Clara valley, in which Campbell is located, is about 20 miles wide in its northern end, gradually narrowing towards its southern end some seventy miles south of San Francisco. Its summers are cool as compared with interior valleys. We sometimes have it very warm at midday but our nights are always cool and refreshing. There are no rains in the summer.

Winter is our rainy season, beginning usually with showers in October or November and the heavier rains coming mostly in the three winter months. During this time there are many bright sunshiny days when we may have cold nights, but seldom cold enough to injure oranges or blossoms. We have no snow in the valley.

The writer has visited many parts of the State, living for a time among the orange growers of the south. All places have their advantages and attractions. But for an all-round home place we have found nothing that pleases us better. To intending home buyers we would say, come and see our little Orchard City before locating elsewhere.

F.S.N.

Celebration Committees Appointed

The Campbell Improvement Club held its regular meeting of the new year Friday evening with the new officers in charge. President S. G. Rodeck called the meeting to order. The meeting was well attended and much interest was shown in the work. After the reading of the by-laws by Secretary F. S. Newcomb, notice was given of several changes to be made in the by-laws at the next meeting. The most important one is the change of meeting night, to the first Thursday of each month.

The subject of the proposed change in rural deliveries was discussed and the petition for a stay of action in the matter by the Postmaster General was read and endorsed by the club. The secretary was instructed to write Senator Phelan in regard to the subject.

The standing committees for the year were appointed and will be published later.

The matter of the annual "Old Settlers' Day" celebration was then taken up.

J. F. Duucan was elected to act as chairman of the day and the following committees were appointed.

Program Committee—I. W. Snow, E. Barron, Mrs. R. Hyde, Mrs. H.W.Higbie and Mrs. H. C. Smith.

Publicity Committee—W. H. Lloyd, Geo. E. Hyde, R. Alison and Geo. Robson.

Finance Committee—E. R. Kennedy, L. M. Beall and Roy Archibald.

Hall and Tables—W. S. Shelly, H. Griffin and Mrs. E. Duncan.

Refreshments—E. G. Lanz, T. L. Mendel and F. S. Newcomb.

Decorating Committee—E. E. Lanphear, Mrs. Roy Archibald, Mrs. Mendel, Mrs. Alison, Mrs. H. W. Morton, B. O. Curry, C. B. Miracle and Geo. Page.

Speaker Committee—G. Atkinson, C. H. Whitman and H. Smith.

Reception Committee—J. H. Campbell, P. W. Keith, F. M. Wrighter, Dr. Cooper, Jos. Bohnett, R. K. Thomas, S. A. Moulton, J. C. Ainsley, Geo. Whitney, B. O. Curry, Geo. Page, R. W. Kennedy, Mrs. C. C. Call, Mrs. Sutter, Mrs. J. F. Duncan, Mrs. L. Shaw, Mrs. Martha Wade, Mrs. M. J. Wilson, Mrs. Lucy Smith and Mrs. C. H. Whitman.

Ushers—T. L. Sharp, H. R. Wade, H. P. B. Payne, Claude Gard and C. DeSelle.

Mrs. A. A. Atkinson and children arrived Saturday from Northern California and will remain for the rest of the winter. They have taken rooms in the Sutter house opposite the Congregational church.

The High School basketers seem to have felt the effects of the rainy weather, which with no chance to practice, resulted in their defeat at the hands of the Los Gatos team Friday afternoon, and again at San Martin, Monday evening. Here's hoping!

Ring, ring.

"*Cam*-ul."

"3-8-J, please."

One long ring.

"This is Blaine's Store."

"This is Mrs. C——. Some one told me that you have some nice string beans for 10c a can. Are they really good?"

"Yes, ma'am. That's the **'R-Best'** brand. They are packed near San Jose, and give better satisfaction than the average 15c kinds."

"Well, please send me two cans; and also send two more cans of those **'Pearls of the Deep'** oysters. They are the largest and best flavored that I ever bought for two-for-25c."

"Thank you, Mrs. C——. By the way, are you interested in ripe olives? The new pack **Caripo Brand** is here. They have a fine dark color and the flavor is better than ever. The price is 30c a quart."

"Yes, I'll try some. Send a quart, please. That's all. Good-by."

"Good-by."

Blaine's
GENERAL MERCHANDISE

WHEN YOU SEE A BRIGHT LIGHT
THINK OF
The NEVEROUT
And Things Will Grow Brighter.

Oil and Electric Lamps for
Horse-drawn Vehicles, at

Whitman's Hardware

NURSERY TREES FOR SALE

12½c for No 1 9c for No 2

Prunes on Almond Root

GEO. E. HYDE & CO Phone 34J

NEIGHBORS ALL!!

We solicit the continued moral support, also the patronage, of all Campbell people and residents adjacent thereto.

Estimates furnished cheerfully on any and all specifications in our line.

We need your support and confidence. If we are right tell the other fellow.

If we are wrong tell us and give us a chance to make it right.

We aim to give you better service; if possible, better prices; and surely more perfect satisfaction than you can obtain by trading elsewhere.

We want your business

Campbell Lumber Co.

W. T. MORTON, Prop.

When The Headaches

Are Glasses Necessary?

It is a conceded fact that from 60 per cent to 75 per cent of all headaches are caused directly or indirectly from eye defects which place too much work or strain on the delicate nerves and muscles of the eyes. Headache is one of Nature's signals notifying us of its need of assistance. The suffering from headaches due to eyestrain is unnecessary. The wearing of CORRECTLY fitted glasses will give entire and permanent relief in almost every case. If you are subject to headache call at Dr. Merrill's office Monday, Jan. 31 and let me examine your eyes and advise you as to whether or not they are the cause of your trouble.

W. E. Wyett, Optometrist
40-41 Ryland Block, San Jose
Lenses promptly replaced. Phone 1899

Trade at the
Campbell Market

Campbell California

OUR MEATS
ARE GOOD

A. S. Gilson, Prop.

Christian Science Services in Odd Fellows' Hall every Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock. Subject for January 30th, is "Love." Sunday School at 9:45. The public is cordially invited.

BREAD

Save Money by Buying Tickets

6 Loaves 25c

Phone your orders to phone 3L

Campbell Bakery

Owing to a re-routing of the Golden West Cleaner wagons, Campbell will be visited on Tuesdays and Fridays. Please bear this in mind when placing your orders.

Smith's for Account books.

Campbell Interurban Press

HARRY C. SMITH

Campbell - - - California

BUSINESS MAN NEEDS SPORT

America Would Do Well to Follow Example Set by England in That Respect.

"What do you do for exercise?"

"To tell the truth, I don't get very much exercise nowadays. I used to play considerable golf and tennis when I was in college, but after I got into business—well, you know how it is. You don't have time, for one thing, and there's no place for play, for another."

This conversation occurred recently between two New York business men. Both men were under thirty. Both loved athletic sports and games. But both had "got into business" and were growing fat about the waist.

The problem of obtaining exercise in a big city so far has not received the serious attention that it deserves. The chief medical adviser of one of New York's greatest life insurance companies has said that the increased mortality among persons more than fifty years old is partly due to the average citizen's lack of exercise.

Americans, unlike Englishmen, have not taken their sports seriously—as sports. Sport in this country has hitherto been a violent participation for the few and a gentle dissipation for the many. Baseball is called the great American game, and undoubtedly it is. But how many average business men play baseball? It is almost entirely confined to the professional and amateur leagues and to boys in school. It is by no means a national game, judged from the standpoint of those who play it.

The whole tendency of American athletics has been toward centralization and specialization. Sport has been considered as a thing apart from the every-day business of life.

Progress and civilization have provided a thousand comforts and luxuries for the body, while demanding an increased activity from the brain, so it is a mistake to believe that the strain of modern life is responsible for the increased death rate among middle aged persons. But the want of exercise is an important contributor to the greater mortality.

Kisses; Marriages; Divorces.

About once in every decade a new temple of Bohemia comes suddenly into prominence on Broadway, says the New York Times. For instance, there is Broadway's little Hungary. Kisses, marriages and divorces at wholesale and just for the asking is one of the features at the Hungarian peasant ball nights. At these balls a force of police is maintained to arrest violators of a long list of humorous laws, and in addition to this it is a rule that any person must kiss a member of the opposite sex when asked or be arrested. Marriage is also compulsory, even if proposed by a stranger, but as a divorce will be granted for the asking, no serious results ensue. A person who marries must obtain a divorce before marrying another or an arrest will follow. Fines of five and ten cents are exacted for the various offenses, the proceeds being devoted to worthy charities.

Tough on the Democrats.

John Wetmore Hinsdale, ex-president of the North Carolina Bar association, tells this incident:

"An Italian applied for naturalization papers. He swore allegiance to the United States government, and answered several questions quite satisfactorily.

"At last the judge asked:

"'Do you belong to any society or organization inimical to the government of the United States?'

"This was too much for the Italian to understand, and he was silent. The judge explained the meaning and again asked the question. A gleam of understanding overspread the face of the Italian, and he replied:

"'Yes, judge, I'm a Democrat.'"—Chicago Journal.

Possible Source of Potash.

A possible source of potash may exist in the tailings piled up at the concentrating mills of the big copper mines in the West. The "porphyry" ores which are being mined by the millions of tons annually contain several times as much potash as copper, and this remains in the tailings at the mills, material already finely ground and in condition for treatment, as well as easily accessible for shipment. This potash, however, is locked up in the form of silicate minerals, and the commercial extraction of potash from silicates has been for several years the subject of earnest study by industrial chemists, who have not yet arrived at a definite conclusion.

Making Uniforms Less Visible.

One of the latest conceptions for rendering military uniforms less visible on the field of battle is to use material in pronounced irregular alternating patches of contrasting light and dark colors with wavy outlines.

Some of the darker patches are outlined in a still darker color, and smaller spots of contrasting color break up the color effect of some of the patches, so that the effect of uncertain light and shade is produced, to cause the garment to lose its identity by mingling with the background.

THE PONTE DELLA PIETRA

THE bombardment of Verona by Austrian aviators added a new chapter to the history of a town which was "no mean city" in the great days of imperial Rome, says Sir Martin Conway in Country Life.

Twenty-two thousand spectators could then have found accommodation together in the stately amphitheater which still exists. Diocletian built it (about 290 A. D.) of white and red Verona marble, and all sorts of princes have caused it to be restored. Its royal platform has been occupied by who shall say how many famous personages, but none of them greater than Theodoric the Ostrogoth, who made this city one of his capitals, and took his name from it in medieval legend, Dietrich of Bern. The Veronese indeed, ill taught by bigoted churchmen, scarcely held his memory in due honor, if they are rightly represented by the inscription on a sculptured figure of him by the door of San Zeno's, where he is described as an Arian heretic (which he was) and is said to be riding to hell on the horse given to him by Satan!

Other Roman memories are preserved by the city in its ruined theater and in remnants of fortifications and gates. The walls, as they now stand, belong to five different periods of building and rebuilding, and the earliest of these (temp. Gallienus) were doubtless not the first. Theodoric's work comes next; considerable fragments of its courses of stone and herringbone brick can be discovered by anyone who hunts for them. A later style is shown in the work ascribed to Charlemagne; and after that come medieval and renaissance fortifications, each marking a period of prosperity in the city's fortunes. It is not, however, Roman Verona that people love and travel to see, but the Verona of the middle ages, the Verona of Romeo and Juliet, of the Scaligers and the great artists—Pisanello and the rest—a city of the south in which the northern breezes also blow, and where between east and west, Lombardy and Venice, divergent ideals meet and sometimes mingle.

THE MARKET PLACE

Lombards Were Active There.

Theodoric and his Ostrogoths belonged by desire and in fact to the last age of Rome, but their successors the Lombards clearly ushered in the middle age. They came over the Alps as barbarians, but in time Italy civilized them, and during that process Lombard architecture was born. Anywhere from Cividale in the east to Pavia in the west, traces of their early activities may still be found—barbarous at first, presently growing nobler, till by the seventh century they were capable of raising churches which are still delightful to men of modern refinement. At Verona the Lombards were particularly active and, were it worth while, we might display the remnants of some of their very early efforts. Such fragments, however, are interesting only to antiquarians; but when we come to the great churches, San Zeno, for instance, or the cathedral, it is evident enough that these are works of architecture capable of a far wider appeal.

San Zeno's, indeed, is perhaps of all purely Lombard churches the finest as a work of art. It is simplicity itself in form, but well proportioned and in every way agreeable to look upon. The existing church was built in the eleventh century, the nave rebuilt in 1138, and the choir in the fifteenth century. The most noticeable exterior feature is the great portal in the middle of the west end. It is a plain oblong opening, surmounted by a gabled porch which is carried on a pair of columns, themselves supported, each on the back of a griffin, in traditional oriental fashion.

Tombs of the Scaligers.

It would be easy enough to refer in turn to a number of other remarkable churches in Verona, with their massive colonnades, their dark crypts and other delightful features; but we are not making a guide book, nor in these war days is there much use for such. It suffices if we can quicken the memories of some of our readers or stimulate the interest of others by our random remarks. The former class will not need to be more than reminded of the famous group of tombs of the Scaligers, over which Ruskin used to pour forth his eloquent admiration in glorious flood. Right in the busiest part of the city they stand, close to the Piazza dei Signori and yet closer to Santa Maria l'Antica, which was the parish church of the family in the days of its relative obscurity. Whence they came, these Scaligers, we know not, but they leaped into fame, two of them, by having their heads cut off in 1257, and four years later their kinsman, Mastino, was elected captain of the people. Mastino in turn was duly murdered, and his sarcophagus is the earliest of the group—a plain affair like those of his immediate successors of the name. But with Can Grande I (or Great Dog No. 1) della Scala we come to a gentleman who was magnificent in his ideas, his ways of living, and, to the best of his opportunities, in his tomb. That considerable three-storied edifice forms a kind of portal to the family church. It showed the prince twice over—lying dead on his sarcophagus, while above in full armor he proudly rides his charger. Mastino II followed this same type in his tomb, in a fashion too modest for imitation by the sumptuous Can Signoria (ob. 1375), who employed Bonino di Campiglione to build him a monument four stories high and hexagonal in plan, with figured pilasters, allegorical statues, a richly carved sarcophagus, and the prince himself on horseback at the top of all.

The rushing Adige, twirling in S form through the city, is a feature constantly in evidence. In the older parts that remain, the house fronts rise plumb from the waters; modern improvements employ the banks for streets. The Adige is not a river you can casually punt across. It is in a violent hurry and insists upon being bridged. The Romans built a sturdy stone bridge, now called the Ponte della Pietra, and two of its ancient arches remain, as well as the base of some other piers. Of course radical restoration and much rebuilding have been required from time to time, the Adige floods being frequent and mightily destructive, as generations of Veronese have learned to their cost. Most of the existing bridge was the work of the famous local Dominican architect, Fra Giocondo, who was employed upon it in 1520 in the eighty-fifth year of his age. The battlemented Ponte di Castel Vecchio likewise calls for mention. It leads to the palace of the Scaligers which Can Grande II built and the folk of today use as a barrack.

Like Venice, Verona is a city of palaces, the architecture of which reflects the various influences that met within its walls, and of these influences that of Venice is unmistakable. Facades impose themselves upon the street wanderer as obviously Venetian. An effect intended by the builders of Verona palaces is lost to the modern visitor; the facades of many of them were elaborately painted by fine artists, and depended upon such decoration for their charm. Time has washed most of it away.

VALUE OF DRAINAGE

Much Swampy Land May Be Made Quite Productive.

WORK IS ONLY FAIRLY BEGUN

Lands Too Wet for Profitable Production of Crops Should Be Drained—Improves Soil by Making It More Porous and Friable.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

By simple drainage much of the wet swampy farm land which cannot be cultivated in its present condition may be made productive. There is also many a piece of cultivated land which is not producing what it could be made to do if it were properly drained. Indeed, according to the department's specialists, drainage in the United States is only fairly begun, and its immense possibilities are but little known. Farmers' Bulletin No. 524 of the United States department of agriculture discusses this subject in some detail.

Lands that are too wet for the most profiable production of crops, such as wet level land, low spots, and the dry subsoils of flat areas on the summits of knolls, river and creek bottoms, and peat bogs, should be drained. Even uplands may often be drained with profit, especially hillsides subject to erosion or inclined to be "spouty." Indeed, drainage is profitable wherever it is necessary to the fullest use of the land. It is not uncommon for lands too wet for cultivation to produce, when drained, 60 to 70 bushels of corn or oats or from one to one and a half bales of cotton to the acre. On much of the drained land the increase of yield is from 25 to 100 per cent, and by the increased yield and decreased cost of cultivation the value of the land is often doubled.

Improves the Soil.

Drainage improves the physical condition of the soil by making it more porous and friable. Thus stiff soils are made more easy to work. The roots of plants are given a greater feeding depth by the lowering of the water level and hence the ability of crops to utilize moisture is increased. Well-drained soils absorb more rainfall than undrained soils, thus decreasing erosion and damage by floods.

Drainage warms the soil. Heat from the sun acts directly upon the soil when excessive moisture is removed by drainage. This is noticeable in the North, where the planting season is from one to two weeks earlier on drained land than on similar land when undrained. The danger of damage by frost both in the spring and in the fall is reduced. Warming of the soil also causes the seed to germinate more readily, thereby giving a better stand of crops and causing the plants to grow more promptly.

Fig. 1.—Field Needing Drainage.

Drained land can be plowed earlier in the spring than undrained land. Crops can be cultivated sooner after a rain, and if covered tile drains are used instead of open ditches machinery can be used to better advantage and the cost of cultivation decreased.

Health conditions are also improved by the drainage of swamps and standing water. The breeding places for mosquitoes are removed, with the consequent abolishment of malaria in the locality.

Practical System.

The most practical drainage system is one that is adequate, permanent, uses the least possible land, and is not a hindrance to cultivation. Tile drains which empty into either open or closed outlets most nearly provide such a system. By the open-ditch system much valuable land is occupied, the drainage is seldom thorough, and the ditches become filled and have to be cleaned out. Open ditches sometimes occupy as much as ten per cent and frequently five per cent of the area drained. Thus it is that tile drains, while more expensive to install, are generally the most economical in the end.

In laying out a drainage system, the outlet is the first consideration. On rolling or hilly lands channels have usually been washed out, although they may need to be straightened and cleaned out. On low, level land it is usually necessary to dig open ditches, and they should be straight and deep, since curves check the flow of water, while in a deep ditch water generally flows more rapidly and less vegetation is likely to be present. The outlets should be deep enough to take care of the flow from branch drains, which may necessarily be placed low to secure sufficient fall.

Open ditches work well with a drop of four feet to the mile, although some, of necessity, have no more than one foot drop. In loamy soils subject to freezing the sides of the ditch should have a slope of 45 degrees, in sandy soils a greater slope, while in stiff soils subjected to little freezing a less slope will do.

Outlet ditches should usually follow the natural course of the water, although efficiency and economy may necessitate a diversion from the natural watercourse.

Use of Open Ditches.

When the ditch runs through a field, the earth should be leveled back from the bank, so that no more ground than is necessary will be lost from cultivation. When the value of the land is high, the open ditch should not be used where it is practicable to use tile. In the middle West tiles as large as three feet in diameter are frequently used, and, being covered over, they do not occupy tillable land or divide a field. Where properly laid, there is little danger of the tiles filling and practically no maintenance cost. Because water runs faster through tiles they can be much smaller than the open ditch. The latter, however, has an advantage in holding more water after a rain, though, perhaps, not carrying more. The farmer is in a position to judge for himself when it is profitable to use tile.

Fig. 2.—Same Field After Being Tile Drained.

PROFIT FROM ALFALFA ACRE

Greatest, Most Profitable and Productive Swine Forage—Test Made at Iowa Station.

(By JOHN M. EVVARD, Chief in Swine Production, Animal Husbandry Section, Iowa Experiment Station.)

Recently there was returned a profit of a little over $250 for the operations carried on an acre of alfalfa; the corn was charged at 60 cents, and the hogs sold for $7.

Now these are the returns for the happy combination of self-fed corn and an acre of self-fed alfalfa, taking young growing fattening pigs to the weight of 250 pounds, no charge being made for the alfalfa. Charge the alfalfa at $10 an acre and there remains $240 pork values (assuming no loss of pigs) over and above feed costs. Labor is arbitrarily assumed to be offset by the manurial residues remaining; of course a charge of $1 a pig labor could be charged and still leave for the acre's operation a net return of $206.

The alfalfa acre carried 44 pigs on the average from weaning to market, these pigs finishing at 250 pounds, fat and high-dressing. No alfalfa, of course, was left on the acre; it was all pastured. This is not the best practice, but it shows what corn on an alfalfa acre will do when the corn as well as the alfalfa is pushed to the limit.

These pigs gained 1.46 pound a day during the entire grazing season of 140 days, requiring 387 pounds of corn feed for a hundred pounds gain, this costing $4.14 with 60-cent corn. The charge for alfalfa on the basis of a hundred pounds gain amounts to $.12 (12 cents), making a total cost of $4.26.

After paying for the alfalfa and crediting all the profits to the corn the net return per bushel was, with $7 hogs, almost a dollar, or exactly 98.5 cents.

But let us remember that alfalfa in itself will not net $250 on the acre, or corn alone 98.5 cents to the bushel when fed to $7 hogs.

It is the very happy combination of self-fed corn and self-fed alfalfa that does these things.

The cost of gains with 60-cent corn, and $10 alfalfa at $4.25 perhaps tells the story best—although it is well to bear in mind that after all is said and done in the swine forage story that corn and alfalfa are pre-eminently the most profitable corn belt doublet of economic feeds that it is possible to grow and fatten swine on.

Alfalfa is our greatest, most productive, most profitable swine forage and corn is our greatest, most productive, most profitable swine growing feed.

Why not plan the swine feeding with alfalfa and corn as the basal feeds?

Storage for Cabbages.

Where only a few cabbages are to be stored it is a good plan to wrap the heads in newspapers and put them on shelves in a cool cellar.

Skim Milk Buttermilk.

Skim milk buttermilk is the equal of natural buttermilk in practically every important respect.

EXTRA LINEN SUPPLY

MATTER THAT IS THE DESIRE OF EVERY HOUSEWIFE.

Monograms Should Be Embroidered on Every Piece—Fancy Work That Can Be Done in Moments of Leisure.

No housekeeper can ever have enough attractive linen for her table and her bedrooms. She may have enough for actual service, but it is wise to keep just a little ahead of the actual need in extra towels for guest-room and bathroom. It is also advisable to keep just a little ahead in the supply of linen for the table.

Every set of napkins and each tablecloth should have the housewife's surname initial or her monogram embroidered upon it. There is a question as to the proper place to put the initial or monogram, but the majority prefer the letter on tablecloths to be in the corner, where they will come just off the rounded edge of the table.

Napkins should have the initials in the corner or in the middle on one side, where they will be on top when the napkins are folded. Tea napkins are the only ones on which a wreath can appropriately be placed. It is quite permissible to place an initial within the wreath or other decorative motif. Tea napkins can also be finished with hemstitched or scalloped edges.

Some women may argue that they haven't time to put fancy work on household linen. This is a poor argument, for almost every woman has a few moments during the day when she sits down to chat with a neighbor or when she is waiting for the homecoming of her husband to his evening meal. It is during these odd moments that a great deal can be accomplished, especially in the way of fancy work. Pick-up work is good for the nerves.

Mexican Meat Loaf.

Mix thoroughly a pound and a half of chopped beef, half a pound of finely chopped veal and a quarter of a pound of chopped salt pork, a tablespoonful of finely minced parsley, half a chopped onion and a tablespoonful of minced green pepper, also a teaspoonful of salt and a saltspoonful of pepper. Cut a long, narrow strip from a canned pimento and arrange a layer of the meat mixture firmly in the bottom of a dish previously wet with cold water. Then lay the pimento strip lengthwise on the meat and cover with the remainder of the meat. Pack in well and bake three-quarters of an hour in a quick oven. Make a gravy of the drippings, adding a little tomato juice and chopped green pepper.

Pennsylvania Plum Pudding.

One cupful milk, two eggs, one cupful molasses, one-half teaspoonful nutmeg, one-half teaspoonful salt, two teaspoonfuls baking powder, one cupful bread crumbs, one-half cupful cornmeal, one cupful chopped beef suet, one-quarter cupful finely minced citron, one cupful seeded raisins, one-half cupful currants; flour to make a stiff batter. Steam fully three hours, turn from the mold and strew chopped almonds over top. Serve pudding hot, with sauce made thus: Cream together one cupful of pulverized sugar, scant one-half cupful of butter, beat whites of two eggs in, one at a time, and one teaspoonful of lemon flavoring; stand on ice a short time before serving. Serve sauce very cold.

To Beat an Egg Quickly.

Break the egg into an ordinary glass tumbler. Place a piece of clean tissue paper on the top. Hold it firmly down all around to keep out the air. Place the other hand on the top of the paper and shake the tumbler vigorously two or three times. The egg is then ready to use without any further effort, and is as well-beaten as if whipped for ten minutes.

Oatmeal Muffins.

Put two cupfuls of uncooked oatmeal in bowl, pour over one and one-half cupfuls sour milk, cover and let stand over night. In the morning add one-third cupful sugar, one-fourth cupful melted butter, one egg, well beaten, one teaspoonful salt and one cupful flour. Beat thoroughly, place in buttered hot iron gem pans; bake in a hot oven 20 minutes.

Anna Potatoes.

Wash and pare medium-sized potatoes, cut lengthwise in one-quarter-inch slices, fasten with skewers (toothpicks), parboil ten minutes, place in dripping pan and bake about twenty minutes in a hot oven, basting often with butter or some other fat.

Ginger Puffs.

Beat one egg well, add half cupful sugar, half cupful molasses, quarter cupful melted butter, half cupful warm water, two cupfuls flour sifted with one teaspoonful each of cassia, ginger and soda and half teaspoonful salt. Bake in individual tins.

To Keep Butter Firm.

Butter will remain firm, even in a hot kitchen, if a cloth wrung out in cold water be placed over the top and around the sides of the butter dish and the dish placed where there is a draft.

To Fasten Strainer.

Use clothespins to pin the cloth over the dish in which you are straining. It is much more convenient than trying to hold it.

Resinol Soap

makes clear skins and good hair

The regular use of Resinol Soap for the toilet, bath and shampoo, can usually be relied on to keep the complexion clear, the hands white and soft, and the hair healthy, glossy and free from dandruff.

If the skin or scalp is already in bad condition, a short treatment with Resinol Ointment may first be necessary to restore its normal health. Resinol Soap and Ointment are sold by all druggists. For samples free, write to Dept. 18-P, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

Men with tender faces find that Resinol Shaving Stick prevents irritation.

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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

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New Fireproof Hotel. 350 Rooms

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Large Ground Floor Lobby

Rates	EUROPEAN PLAN			
Single rooms	$1.00 per day,	1 person	without	bath
Double "	$1.50 " "	2 persons	"	"
Single "	$1.50 " "	1 person	with	"
Double "	$2.50 " "	2 persons	"	"

You don't need a map to find the Lankershim Hotel. It is in the very center of San Francisco. Take the Universal Bus to the Hotel at our expense. F. ALEIN, Manager.

Howrad E. Burton, Assayer and Chemist, Leadville, Colorado. Specimen prices: Gold, Silver, Lead, $1.00; Gold, Silver, 75c; Gold, 50c; Zinc or Copper, $1.00. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and Umpire work solicited. Reference: Carbonate National Bank.—Advt.

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AND ALL DRUG HABITS SUCCESSFULLY TREATED

No publicity, no sickness. Women treated privately as at home. Send for free booklet.

THE Keeley Treatment

KEELEY INSTITUTE
908 Market St.
San Francisco, Cal.

Philosophy.

"He's a philosopher."

"So?"

"Yes, indeed. It doesn't worry him at all to see other people getting things that he doesn't want himself."—Detroit Free Press.

Have Healthy, Strong, Beautiful Eyes

Oculists and Physicians used Murine Eye Remedy many years before it was offered as a Domestic Eye Medicine. Murine is Still Compounded by Our Physicians and guaranteed by them as a Reliable Relief for Eyes that Need Care. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes—No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Buy Murine of your Druggist—accept no Substitute, and if interested write for Book of the Eye Free. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

Does Seem Inconsistent.

"Rank inconsistency I call this."

"What is it?"

"Fellow offered to sell me a piece of property for a song and then refused to take my notes."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Even So.

"Goodness! See that woman at the next table. Her hands look like nutmeg graters, and they're covered with solitaires."

"I see—diamond in the rough."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Two Women Talking.

"I suppose you really felt it necessary for you to secure a divorce?"

"Well, perhaps not absolutely necessary, but our home—"

"Exactly. You did it for the children's sake."—Life.

Your First Duty

is to your Stomach, as this important organ controls your health, your strength and general happiness.

For any Stomach or Bowel weakness try

HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters

CAP and BELLS

LITTLE BOY WAS DESPERATE

Jack, Completely Out of Patience With Whole Tribe of Women, Calls on Father for Help.

Jack disliked being kissed. One day he was kissed a lot. Then, to make matters worse, on going to the picture palace in the evening, instead of his favorite Indian and cowboy pictures, there was nothing but a lot more hugging and kissing. He returned home completely out of patience with the whole tribe of women.

After he had been tucked into bed his mother came to kiss him goodnight.

He refused.

Mother begged and begged till at last, in disgust, he turned to his father, who was standing in the doorway, and said:

"Daddy, for heaven's sake, give this woman a kiss!"

No Cause for Alarm.

The Pessimist—It is only a matter of time until the land in this country will not produce enough to support the increasing population.

The Optimist—Oh, don't let that worry you. Our population isn't going to slop over so long as our medical colleges continue to turn out more than 7,000 embryo physicians annually.

The True Reason.

"People say this man could have had any office he wanted, but he chose private life."

"Don't you believe that, my son," said the veteran campaigner. "Many a man gets the credit for refusing all political preferment when, as a matter of fact, he merely had sense enough to know that he could not get the one job he'd set his heart on."

Might Be Worse.

"You see before you," said the melancholy man, "a plaything of fate."

"What's the matter with you?" asked his friend.

"I was just about to mortgage my house to buy an automobile, when it burned down."

"Umph! You've lost your house, but the chances are you've saved your neck."

Recommendation Not Necessary.

"So you're going to leave us, Mary."

"Yes, mum. I've got to."

"And do you want me to give you a letter of recommendation?"

"It ain't necessary, mum. The man I'm going to work for is willing to take chances. I'm leavin' to get married."

Pacific Ambition.

"Caligula wished that Rome had a single neck, so that he might sever it at a blow.

"Times are different. Now I wish that I could build a graphophone big enough to record the voice of the people."

A DAINTY DISH.

"What's that noise?"

"Four and twenty blackbirds baked in a pie, your majesty."

"Take 'em back to the chef and tell him to bake 'em till they don't feel like singing. I can't eat rare birds."

Quite True.

Wife—Mrs. Brooks says society is hollow—that there isn't anything in it.

Husband—Well, there isn't anything in anything nowadays, my dear, if you don't put something in it.—Judge.

Naturally.

Lawson—What did you think when you realized that your automobile was turning turtle the other day?

Dawson—Well, my first thought was: I am in the soup.

For Sprains, Strains or Lameness

Always Keep a Bottle In Your Stable

Rub It In

HANFORD'S Balsam of Myrrh
A LINIMENT

For Galls, Wire Cuts, Lameness, Strains, Bunches, Thrush, Old Sores, Nail Wounds, Foot Rot, Fistula, Bleeding, Etc., Etc.

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Fastest Growing Raw Fur House in New York
286 W. 27th St. New York, N. Y.

UGH! A DOSE OF NASTY CALOMEL

It salivates! It makes you sick and you may lose a day's work.

You're bilious, sluggish, constipated and believe you need vile, dangerous calomel to start your liver and clean your bowels.

Here's my guarantee! Ask your druggist for a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone and take a spoonful tonight. If it doesn't start your liver and straighten you right up better than calomel and without griping or making you sick I want you to go back to the store and get your money.

Take calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak and sick and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of harmless, vegetable Dodson's Liver Tone tonight and wake up feeling great. It's perfectly harmless, so give it to your children any time. It can't salivate, so let them eat anything afterwards.—Adv.

Very Annoying.

"My wife fairly hates that woman."

"Why so?"

"Oh, they swap presents every Christmas, and the other woman never fails to get a shade the best of it."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

SAVE YOUR HORSES

From Distemper, Mountain Fever, and all other forms of Contagion by using **Spohn's Distemper Compound.** Put on the tongue or in the feed. Safe at all times for all ages and sexes, under all conditions. Same for Dog Distemper and Chicken Cholera. Acts on the blood, expels the germs. Removes worms from stomach and intestines. A fine tonic and appetizer. Absolutely safe, even for human beings. Over 1,000,000 bottles sold last year. Greatest cure and preventive ever known for Contagious diseases. Nearly everyone knows **Spohn's.** Over 18 years on the market. Have you used this great remedy? Why not? It is not an experiment. Try it; be convinced; let **"Spohn's"** help you save and make money. All wholesale druggists handle it. Your home druggist can supply you, or write to manufacturers, with price enclosed. A bottle, 50c. and $1.00; $5.00 and $10.00 the dozen. Local agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Couldn't Tell.

Mrs. Snooper—Men make me tired.

Mrs. Swayback—What's the matter now?

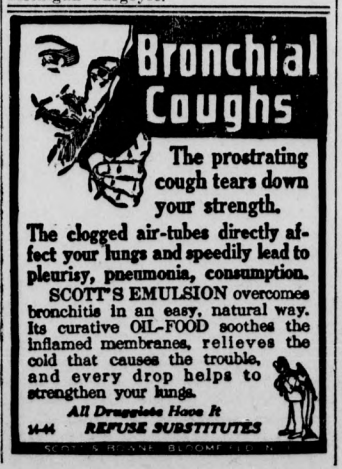
Mrs. Snooper—My husband saw Mrs. Keedick yesterday and I asked him what she had on, and he replied, "Oh, clothes."—Stray Stories.

Eve's Worries.

Eve—Oh, I had the worst time trying to find a new formal gown.

Adam—What was the matter?

Eve—Why, every pin needle was so large—and I couldn't be out of style.—Michigan Gargoyle.



Bronchial Coughs

The prostrating cough tears down your strength.

The clogged air-tubes directly affect your lungs and speedily lead to pleurisy, pneumonia, consumption.

SCOTT'S EMULSION overcomes bronchitis in an easy, natural way. Its curative OIL-FOOD soothes the inflamed membranes, relieves the cold that causes the trouble, and every drop helps to strengthen your lungs.

All Druggists Have It

14-44 *REFUSE SUBSTITUTES*

SCOTT & BOWNE, BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

MOST PRECIOUS GEM

Diamond Always Has Been Conceded First Place.

All Through History the Stone Has Played an Important Part—Its Cutting a Matter of Serious Moment—Imperfections.

Diamonds are always taken as the standard precious stone. There are many details concerning diamonds, of surpassing interest, such as the different methods of securing the rough stones in ancient and modern times, the prejudice against Brazilian diamonds as compared with Indian stones, the objections to South African diamonds, based on a theory that they were not so good as the Brazilian stones, methods of cutting diamonds, etc.

The cut of the diamond is of great importance. If it be cut perfectly and regularly its value is greatly enhanced. The properly cut diamond has 58 facets, including the table and collet, 32 facets above the girdle and 24 facets below. The surface of the table should be 40 per cent of the whole.

Among the imperfections for which the diamond buyer should look are rough edges on the girdle, which will cast a shadow through the center of the stone, causing great loss of brilliancy. In set stones they are often covered up by a prong of the setting, but the diamond is affected nevertheless.

A scratch may be found on top of the stone. This is often caused by stones rubbing against each other. If it is not too deep it may be removed by polishing.

There may be a nick in the girdle, which is often covered by the setting. This defect is caused either by the brittleness of the stone or the girdle having been cut too fine.

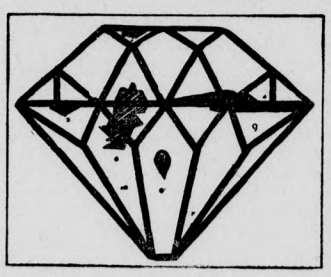
If the stone has thick edges they will cast shadows through the diamond, which will confuse the color.

If there is a feather in the stone it comes from faulty crystallization and cannot be removed. It may be only a small speck, or so large as to be visible to the naked eye. This flaw gives the diamond a hazy, lifeless appearance. Some feathers take the shape of white subtransparent lines in the body of the stone.

Fractures are usually found near the edge of the stone, and decrease the value greatly, as they deaden the brilliancy. They are caused either by a blow or carelessness in the setting.

Black spots of carbon are usually found in the top or in the lower half of the stone. These spots often appear in pairs, and when visible to the naked eye impair the value of the stone.

Do not expect to get an absolutely perfect stone for any reasonable figure, for they are so rare as to command excessive prices. If you want a good stone see to it that it is of good color and brilliancy and is well cut.—New York American.



Outline Sketch of Cut Diamond.

1. Rough edges on girdle. 2. A scratch. 3. Small nick in girdle. 4. Thick edges which confuse the stone's color. 5. A "feather," caused by faulty crystallization. 6. A fracture. 7. Carbon spots which look like black specks. 8. A bubble caused by air formation in carbon. 9. Muddy or cloudy patches, usually found along the grain of the stone.

Might Not Be Mental Strain.

General Joffre's quiet humor is typified in a story which comes from the trenches. Some members of the general's staff were discussing the number of officers whose hair had turned from jet black to white since the war began, and they had decided to their own satisfaction that the cause was to be found in mental strain. General Joffre was asked for his opinion, and, while agreeing with the conclusion arrived at by his officers, naively added that it was also very difficult in war time to obtain the toilet accessories to which one was accustomed in times of peace!

Office Coat for Women.

The office coat for women has finally arrived, though it's not a bit mannish. It's made in black silk or pongee, a standard loose coat that's becoming to everybody. You slip it over your frock or your blouse and skirt as soon as you enter the office. It envelops you from throat to knee and protects your clothes beautifully. And it has the recommendation of being "nifty" looking—not the ugly garment that the little feminine person grimaces at when you speak of "sensible" clothes.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Changing Custom.

"Before I married," said the old-fashioned man, "my wife made me promise to quit smoking."

"And you kept your word?"

"Yes. But what's the difference. Custom has changed. Now I'm doing my best to get her to promise not to begin."

NEVER LIE DOWN TO READ

Easy to See Why the Practice Is Injurious—How Proper Breathing Promotes Health.

"I never read without using a book rest," said one well-known literary woman. "I think it easier to adjust a book to the sight by its use. A book rest can be raised higher than the level of the lap and the hands and the wrists will not be wearied by the strain of holding it higher than the knees.

"I never read in bed. I am thankful to those, older and wiser than I, who taught me that to read while reclining was to overfill the blood vessels of the eye and so cause a degree of congestion in the eye. If one is too tired to sit straight I am convinced she is too tired to read. She should rest in the silence and darkness of her room."

In the very way a girl carries her body when walking or sitting she can do good or harm to the prettiness of the neck and throat. The chest must always be held high, and this instinctively raises the head more prettily. The abdomen must be held in, and since some intaking of the breath is required for this last muscular effort, the muscles of the throat and chest are at once benefited.

Muscles, by the way, depend tremendously upon good breathing for health and firmness, so if a girl never did anything more violent than picking a rose, if she simply gives the windmills of her lungs all the good air they need, the blood will be freshened and the muscles nourished almost as well as if she played golf every day. The value of outdoor sports, however playful, is in their action upon the mind.

Turkish School Children.

"Turkish children recite their lessons all together in the old-fashioned schools, and if you could hear them, you would think that you had gone into Wonderland with Alice, where 'things wouldn't come straight.' The little girls go to school in groups, and with them is always an old servant who carries all their books on what looks for all the world like a small clothes-tree. The boys go and come in two long lines attended by their teacher. They carry their own books and wear long trousers and fezzes exactly like their fathers. Some of the tiny girls carry their own little tables and drawing-boards. In the gypsy village in Scutari the children learn their lessons by songs in the street. They stand in a circle with a big girl in the middle, and they get noisier and noisier the more interested they grow."—Lindamira Harbeson, in St. Nicholas.

Real Responsibility.

Elsie's mother was very ill and one of the neighbors asked the child what she would do if her mother died.

"Oh," answered Elsie, who did not realize the gravity of the situation, "I suppose I'd have to spank myself."

WOMAN AVOIDS OPERATION

Medicine Which Made Surgeon's Work Unnecessary.

Astoria, N. Y. — "For two years I was feeling ill and took all kinds of tonics. I was getting worse every day. I had chills, my head would ache, I was always tired. I could not walk straight because of the pain in my back and I had pains in my stomach. I went to a doctor and he said I must go under an operation, but I did not go. I read in the paper about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told my husband about it. I said 'I know nothing will help me but I will try this.' I found myself improving from the very first bottle, and in two weeks time I was able to sit down and eat a hearty breakfast with my husband, which I had not done for two years. I am now in the best of health and did not have the operation." — Mrs. JOHN A. KOENIG, 502 Flushing Avenue, Astoria, N. Y.

Every one dreads the surgeon's knife and the operating table. Sometimes nothing else will do; but many times doctors say they are necessary when they are not. Letter after letter comes to the Pinkham Laboratory, telling how operations were advised and were not performed; or, if performed, did no good, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was used and good health followed.

If you want advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

What Does Catarrh Mean?

It means inflammation of a mucous membrane somewhere in the head, throat, bronchial tubes, stomach, biliary ducts or bowels. It always means stagnant blood—the blood that is full of impurities. Left alone, it extends until it is followed by indigestion, colds, congestion or fever. It weakens the system generally and spreads its operations until systemic catarrh or an acute illness is the result.

Peruna

Is the nation's reliable remedy for this condition. It restores appetite, aids digestion, checks and removes inflammation, an thus enables the membranes, through which we breathe and through which our food is absorbed, to do their work properly. Forty-four years of success, with thousands of testimonials, have established it as the home remedy—Ever-Ready-to-Take. Its record of success holds a promise for you.

THE PERUNA COMPANY
COLUMBUS, OHIO

You can obtain Peruna in tablet form for convenience.

Only a Collection.

Usually the holdup man's way of getting the coin from the belated citizen is to put him to sleep with a crack on the bean. But the other night a New York journeyman highwayman adopted a different method. He held up a preacher in a Harlem street and with the aid of repartee and a gun made him come across with his roll. After the preacher had dug down in his jeans and given his money to the highwayman he rebuked the man for adopting that way of earning a living. "Can't help it, brother," said the strong-arm man; "I need the coin. I am only taking up a collection; you can do the same, you know, and get away with it twice as easy as I can. Thanks for the favor."

Caught.

"Herbert, you weren't listening to what I said."

"Er—what makes you think that, darling?"

"I asked you if you could let me have $100, and you smiled and said, 'Yes, dearest.'"—Life.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease FREE.

Write Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., for a free sample of Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures sweating, hot, swollen, aching feet. It makes new or tight shoes easy. A certain cure for corns, ingrowing nails and bunions. All druggists sell it. 25c. Don't accept any substitute.—Adv.

Part of Wisdom.

"You can't reason with a woman."

"I never try. It's much easier to jolly her."

"Are you going to the Exposition?"

"Nope; can't afford it." "But your wife bought an entire new outfit to wear at the Exposition." "That's why we can't afford it."—Houston Post.

A Good Milker

is always a *healthy* cow. Nine cows in ten can be both healthy and profitable if the first sign of reduced milk yield is recognized as a danger signal.

Such cows can usually be toned up by the use of Kow-Kure, the great cow medicine. Used for twenty years for the cure and prevention of Abortion, Barrenness, Milk Fever, Scouring, Lost Appetite, Bunches and Retained Afterbirth.

Sold by druggists and feed dealers in 50c and $1 packages.

Dairy Association Co.
Lyndonville, Vt.

KOW-KURE

WHEN WRITING ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THIS PAPER.

S. F. N. U. - - - - - - - - - - 5, 1916

FARMERS WANTED

VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA, offers special inducements. Government land, water, railways, free schools, 31½ years to pay for farms adapted to alfalfa, corn, sugar beets, fruit, etc. Climate like California. Ample markets. Reduced passages for approved settlers. Free particulars from F. T. A. Fricke, Government Representative from Victoria, 687 Market Street, San Francisco, California. Box 81.

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By ELIZABETH GORDON
AUTHOR OF "BIRD CHILDREN," "FLOWER CHILDREN," ETC.
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Notices of Entertainments where a charge is made, Cards of Thanks, Resolutions of Condolence, etc., 5c per line.

SOCIETIES.

Masonic Notice

Charity Lodge, No. 362, F. & A. M., Campbell, Cal. Stated meetings held on the second Monday of each month.
W. I. Merrill, W. M.
James Fablinger, Secretary.

Independent Order of Odd Fellows

Morning Light Lodge, No. 42, meets every Thursday evening in Odd Fellows Hall. Sojourning brothers are cordially invited to attend the lodge meetings.
Herold W. Morton, Noble Grand.
O. D. Poston, Secretary.

Patrons of Husbandry

Orchard City Grange, No. 333, meets on the second and fourth Tuesday evenings at the Odd Fellows Hall. Sojourning members are cordially invited to attend.
E. K. Clendenning, Worthy Master.
Mrs. Edna Keesling, Worthy Secretary.

Fraternal Aid Union

Palm Leaf Council, No. 560, meets on the second and fourth Saturday evenings at Odd Fellows Hall. Sojourning members are cordially invited to attend.
MR. ROBERT SCHOLZ, President.
Mrs. S. J. Brandenburg, Secretary.

Brotherhood of American Yeomen

Orchard City Homestead No. 5265 meets 1st & 3rd Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall at Campbell. All Yeomen are cordially invited to attend meetings.

Edward O. Evans, Honorable Foreman — Harry C. Smith, Correspondent

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Horse shoeing $1.50 and $2.00

Home and School Club

The regular meeting of the Home and School Club will be held, Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 in Miss Sawyer's room at the Campbell Grammar School. The program will be furnished by the pupils of Miss Farley's room. A fine school penant will be presented to the Grade having the largest percent of parent's present.

Several important subjects are to be brought before the club. Mrs. W. I. Merrill will speak on "Book Reading for Children."

Mrs. Cowles' Letter Continued

As to "mal de mer". Frederick has proved a fine sailor. A little pale when we have rolled the worst but otherwise he has been well. Beyond a few uncertain feelings I have been all right and up to today I have been the only lady down to meals. But, alas! Mr. Cowles has been horribly sick from the very outset. I wonder how he ever had courage to go to sea again and face such suffering. He did not leave his berth for two days and then it seemed as tho he would faint with the effort to crawl out on deck. He lies in his chair now so very weak and thin, but at last I think he has begun to mend after heavy dosing by our Portugese M. D. The M. D. himself has been horribly sick and declares this his first and last voyage. It is awful! We reach the Azores day after to-morrow and stop there a few hours. I am hoping Mr. C. will be strong enough to go on shore and get at least a few hours respite!

Just here one of the stewards is spraying our corridors with "periume"! Very much to the point it seems to me, but I think a little more cleaning and a little less "perfume" would be still more to the point. This is really a dirty ship and as to the food it is for the most part impossible, for it is all soaking in grease. Oh for the sight of a plain boiled potato and a little bread and butter, in place of these eternal hard rolls! However, as I say, we count our mercies, especially since the storm has abated and Madeira is drawing near.

Wasn't it strange that the first person we met on board should be a young man living in Johannesburg; that the second party should be a gentleman and his wife from Pretoria, the gentleman a graduate of Amherst College and Government Entomologist for South Africa; and the third person was our nearest missionary neighbor, a Rev. Frye, living only ten miles from us on the hills back of Umzumbe! All these friends transship at Madeira and with us proceed to Cape Town on the "Saxon".

For the benefit of California friends who may not have heard of the various calamities which have overtaken us since leaving the Pacific Coast let me enumerate and explain why we are not at Umzumbe about this time.

Most of you have heard, I presume, that on the train, three days out from Los Angeles, Frederick was taken with a high fever, which, upon reaching Oberlin, was proved by two blood tests to be typhoid. We cancelled steamer sailings and spent five weeks in Oberlin instead of three days, nursing Frederick back to a travelling state of health. He is still thin but will gain fast I hope when we get onto the Saxon and can get greaseless food for him. In Oberlin also our washing was done at a house where smallpox broke out. This necessitated the vaccination of ourselves and the whole Missionary Home household. I also had three vaccinations for typhoid. In addition Mr. Cowles dislocated a toe and I celebrated with an ulcerated tooth.

But all these misfortunes faded into insignificance in face of the great sorrow which awaited our arrival in Boston.

My brother, Dr. Bridgman, and his wife had invited us to spend our week in Boston with them. I reached there on the day of my sister-in-law's funeral. A week of pneumonia had carried her off. To come into that beautiful home where everything bespoke the love and the exquisite taste of the one who lay there so white and still was anguish. This was the sister who for six years mothered my Ruth. She was far more than sister-in-law to me and I cannot now think of her as gone.

While this sister-in-law was so ill my brother Fred's wife and child were also both very ill, the latter with pneumonia. This family was better when we left but when I think of the succession of sorrows which has followed us ever since we left our quiet little Sunnyside home in Campbell, I can only say, "Now we see thru a glass darkly". Not until we see "face to face" shall we know why all this had to be, why the going, which was so very hard, had to be made seven times harder!

"Lead kindly light, amid the encircling gloom, lead thou me on!"

Tuesday Eve., Dec 15.

I have been talking this afternoon with a fine English mother. She has given her two sons to go to the front. One has been invalided home, the other is on the firing line somewhere. As she spoke she almost rose from her seat as she said "If I had fifty sons, I would give them all to save my country." I have also been talking with two fine Italian university men, brothers. Both will don military costume on arrival in Italy and enter upon war duties.

Our ship is preparing to swing out its life boats over the sides as soon as it leaves Madeira. Then the crew will sleep in the life boats in readiness for submarines! Why do I speak of troubles? This afternoon's intimate glimpse into bloody Europe makes me ashamed to have mentioned my trials.

To-morrow morning we reach the first of the Azores. We stop at three. Mr. Cowles is a little better and we hope the sight of land will make him enough better to go on shore.

In my next letter I will tell of the Azores and Madeira.

With loving greetings to you all,

Very sincerely,
Amy B. Cowles.

The Jitney Must Meet Railroad Terms

THE City Council of Oakland has adopted an ordinance under which jitneys are prohibited from operating in any part of the business district. Thousands of people signed petitions against the ordinance, but the streetcar corporation won before the officials.

San Diego has gone farther than Oakland, practically doing away with the jitney; while Bakersfield, a few days ago, by popular vote, favored an ordinance imposing severe restrictions, including an indemnity bond to cover accident losses.

There is nothing unreasonable in compelling the jitney to meet the conditions imposed on the railroad companies; they cannot expect the use of the streets for revenue purposes without paying for the privilege. The railroads pay larger sums than the jitneys will ever be asked to pay, but some things are required of the jitneys if the railroads are entitled to a square deal, which most people believe they are.

It is a complicated question to settle equitably, yet it is patent that, as in all matters involving rights of competing concerns, a basis of fair play is the only solution. The jitney is usually an inexpensive and inoffensive contraption, and in the absence of better facilities would deserve the right-of-way; but established, going concerns, like the railroads, with regular schedules to maintain on the lean as well as the fat days, cannot be impaired with impunity, for the public interest and convenience depend upon their profitable operation.

We have no sympathy with the oft expressed notion that the streets belong to the jitneys as well as to the railroads; except on the theory that the jitneys are subjected to similar conditions and terms. We agitated in this county for years for railroad serivce and were happy and encouraged when we got it. To now forget our obligations by inviting inferior competition is to jeopardize fixed accommodations if not the future development of the county.—*Mercury.*

Local and Personal

"The Quality Shop" that's us, KING'S.

Men's Social, supper and entertainment, Friday, Feb. 11.

Bear in mind the entertainment at the High School, Friday evening, Feb. 18.

For Rent: Six room cottage, furnished or unfurnished. Apply to C. H. Whitman.

The C. E.'s will hold a social in the parlors of the Congregational church, Friday evening, Feb. 4.

Wanted: An husband! by a good looking hard working girl. Apply at this office. Leap year, boys.

Rainfall for the season, up to last evening 17.99 inches: for the month of January 10.56 inches.

Lost: Between Campbell and Union Grammar school, a rubber storm blanket. Finder please return to the Press office for reward.

The Pacific Gas & Electric Co. is installing the electric power at the High School manual training building this week and soon the machines will be humming under the direction of Supervisor Arnot.

The Yeomen held another of their enjoyable social dances at the hall, Wednesday evening. Friday evening, Feb. 4th, a dance will be given and plans are being made for an exceptionally good time.

The Endeavorers have secured Mr. Wm. J. Speers as their speaker for the evening of Feb. 22. Mr. Speers has recently returned from Europe, and will speak on "Touring Europe under Four Flags." His talk will be illustrated by some exceptionally fine and beautiful slides.

At a recent meeting of the Congregational Sunday-school, Mr. C. H. Whitman was elected as First Assistant Superintendent; Mrs. O. E. Atkinson as Second Asst. Superintendent; Mrs. Jas. Hyatt, Secretary; Miss Adah Nelson, Assistant Secretary; Roy Archibald, Treasurer; Miss Merna Sawyer, Pianist; Miss Florence Geddis, Assistant Pianist. The various classes take turns in decorating the church week by week.

I have just received from Milwaukee a shipment of Little Gent's and Boy's Shoes.
Sizes 9 to 10½—$1.75
" 11 to 12½— 1.90
" 13 to 2 — 2.00
" 2½ to 5½ — 2.50
Just the Shoes for this wet weather.
The Campbell Cash Shoe Store.
E. E. SOWER, Prop.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. met with Mrs. Poor on Wednesday p. m.

Campbell W. C. T. U. will furnish dinner at the Coffee Club as usual on the 22nd of Feb. Arrangements are being made to accommodate a large number of guests.

Following the business enacted, Miss Caldwell gave instructions in Parliamentary law including a dialogue upon the subject. Good citizenship was the theme for the afternoon. Mrs. Newcomb read from the report of the superintendent of Good Citizenship in Northern California for 1915. Mrs. Winans told of work done in Ohio. Mrs. Whitman read greetings and New Year's message from Miss Anna Gordon.

The next meeting will be held with Mrs. Alta Preston. The motto is "Attempt great things from God. Expect great things from God."

The meeting will be a Frances Willard Memorial Fund Day. Program committee, Mrs. Kennedy, Mrs. Winans and Mrs. Preston.

All interested are cordially invited to attend.

Mens' Muster Enjoyed

Another of those delightful Methadist Men's Musters was enjoyed at the church lecture room Tuesday evening. The program and refreshments were arranged by the "Committee of five" who did themselves proud and deserve to be installed as active members of the Aid Society. The committee, S. G. Rodeck, chairman, D. H. Cramer, Ira Bogert, E. R. Kennedy and C. P. Herrington received the congratulations of their friends for the able manner in which they engineered the entire proceedings. The program was as follows:

Remarks by Rev. W. H. Lloyd.

"Sleep Sweetly Sleep" and "The Tack," Messrs. D. H. Cramer, W. B. Kammerer, F. E. Graves and C. P. Herrington.

Recitation "The Fat Baby Hypopotamus" ---------- W. B. Kammerer

C. C. Brady, who has passed his eighty-sixth year, gave some most interesting reminiscences of his boyhood days back in Missouri when he was a playmate of Sam Clemens (Mark Twain). He told of "Huckleberry Finn" and his finish and Sam's hazelnutting among the yellow jackets.

Rev. Lloyd then read Mark Twain's "Interviewer."

Flute and Violin duet by Messrs. Nelson and Robt. Scholz.

During the evening Ben Rodeck directed the phonograph orchestra and musical numbers with the interpretation of an old master.

After the program, the men sat down to a lunch of hot tamales, coffee, sandwiches and apples.

Rev. C. E. Irons of Centella church made a few well chosen remarks on the good to be gained by such fellowship gatherings.

A short impromptu debate was indulged in by those present on, "Resolved, That the lazy man is of more use to the church than the stingy man." Most of the men joined the lazy men as far as argument went and the affirmative won according to the decision of the cooks.

Annual Ladies' Night

The Annual Masonic Ladies' Night which was held Friday evening was a marked social success and the committee, W. D. Sturtevant, G. S. Robson and G. L. Parso are receiving much merited praise for the management of the program and banquet.

Mrs. Ralph H. Hyde and Miss Muriel Palmer sang several pleasing solos followed by a duet by Miss Palmer and Mr. Ernest Barron. Miss Cora Belle Pugh gave two readings which were greatly appreciated. W. Calvin Bohnett followed with two pretty violin solos. E. Barron sang several of Harry Lauder's popular pieces and the party joined in on the choruses. Mrs. G. S. Robson accompanied at the piano.

The grand march, led by Dr. and Mrs. W. I. Merrill, proceeded to the banquet room where a very delightful luncheon was served.

W. D. Sturtevant acted as toastmaster and introduced the speakers of the evening as follows: Present Master of Charity Lodge, W. I. Merrill; first master, F. M. Righter; immediate past-master, I. W. Snow; S. A. Moulton, one of the oldest Masons in the county; another past-master, L. D. Bohnett; and District Attorney Free, who gave an excellent address on Masonry.

Mrs. C. H. Whitman in behalf of the ladies spoke a few words of appreciation for the delightful occasion. Cards and music followed the banquet.

The thanks of the committee is extended the ladies who so kindly assisted in the decorations and setting of the tables.

Smith's assortment of stationery is becoming more and more popular.

Methodist Church Notes

This is the time of year for the payment of Advocate subscriptions for 1916. We have a long list, many paid up. See the pastor about yours, so he can make a complete report to the publishers, saving time and expense.

The Wednesday evening attendance is keeping up very well. We have had some interesting discussions in connection with our course of lessons since conference.

Miss May Farley will lead the League meeting Sunday at 6:30. A week from Sunday we expect the county officers here to conduct the meeting.

In order to fully appreciate either the morning or evening sermon this Sunday both should be heard. The morning sermon will be on "Heaven", and the evening subject will be "Hell".

The regular monthly meeting of the offical board will be held Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Remember the date of the next county rally of the Epworth League which will be held at Campbell, Feb. 15.

The debate at the Men's Muster on the relative value of the lazy man and the stingy man made it so apparent that we need both in the church that we have decided to invite everybody to come, whether or no.

Congregational Church

"The Friendly Church just around the Corner."

A special treat is ours for next Sunday, two of them in fact. In the morning at 11 o'clock, the Hon. Arthur Arlett will speak. Mr. Arlett is a layman, one of the strongest forces for righteousness in all California or on the Coast. He was President of the Congregational Brotherhood of California, and a member of the National Executive Com. As one of the Commissioners at the Exposition he earned the bitter hatred of "The Wets" as he closed up the "Camp of '49"; "The Streets of Cairo," etc.

Come and hear the strong message he will bring.

In the evening, at 7:30, Rev. Wm. C. Allen will speak on "Peace." Mr. Allen has travelled extensively, and can speak from first hand knowledge on the situation in other lands, as well as our own. He is devoting his life now to the cause of "The Prince of Peace."

Subject, "Christianity and War".

Come with your friends and hear this timely topic treated by an able and eloquent speaker.

Junior C. E. and C. E. as usual.

Our midweek services on the Study of the Bible are creating considerable interest. Last week in illustrating the study on "The Old M.S.S."; an old Manuscript Bible older than printing, all hand work by an ancient monk in a Monastery of Asia minor was shown. This week Wednesday the topic of study was "The Romance of the English Bible," and the Pastor had an old English Bible printed in 1626, just 15 years after King James Version of 1611.

If you go nowhere else, you are invited to worship with us.

GEO. E. ATKINSON, Pastor.

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- LEGAL -

Notice to Creditors

Estate of Lucy C. Bull, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned executor of the last Will and Testament of Lucy C. Bull, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to file them, with the necessary vouchers, in the office of the Clerk of Superior Court of Santa Clara County, California, or to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers within ten months after the first publication of this Notice, to the said executor at the office of L. D. Bohnett, Rooms 313-314 Bank of San Jose Building, in the City of San Jose, County of Santa Clara, State of California, where all business connected with said estate will be transacted.

San Jose, this 31st day of December, A.D. 1915.
Chas. N. Cooper,
Executor of the last Will and Testament of Lucy C. Bull, Deceased.
L. D. Bohnett,
Attorney for said Executor.

Notice to Creditors

Estate of Edward Shaw, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administrator of the estate of Edward Shaw, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to file them with the necessary vouchers, in the office of the Clerk of Superior Court of Santa Clara County, California, or to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator at the office of L. D. Bohnett, Rooms313-314 Bank of San Jose Building, in the City of San Jose, County of Santa Clara, State of California, where all business connected with said estate will be transacted.

San Jose, this 31st, day of December, A.D. 1915.
John F. Duncan,
Administrator of the Estate of Edward Shaw, Deceased.
L. D. Bohnett,
Attorney for said Administrator

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DODLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

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